

# Method for the Validation of PAHs in Soil and Sediment Samples Using Pressurized Liquid Extraction and Automated Cleanup



## Introduction

PAHs are a group of organic compounds consisting of two or more benzene rings and are often the byproduct of petroleum combustion. Due to their carcinogenic characteristics at relatively low concentrations, they are of particular environmental concern. Seven PAHs have been classified by the US EPA as probable human carcinogens and their toxic characteristics and persistent nature place them among the most extensively monitored organic contaminants.

The following procedure details the use of Pressurized Liquid Extraction (PLE) in conjunction with automated silica gel cleanup (PowerPrep) to deliver a robust, efficient sample prep process for soils and sediments designated for PAH analysis. Outlined, are an Initial Precision and Recovery Study (IPR), a Matrix Detection Level Study (MDL) and a matrix validation of a NIST reference material.

## Instrumentation and Consumables

- FMS, Inc. PLE System
- FMS, Inc. PowerPrep System
- FMS, Inc. SuperVap Concentrator System
- FMS, Inc. 50 mL direct-to-vial concentrator tubes
- FMS, Inc. 200 mL concentrator tubes (1 mL termination)
- Thermo Scientific Trace Ultra GC with DSQ MS

## Consumables

- FMS, Inc. 6 gram neutral silica columns
- Fisher Pesticide Optima\* n-Hexane
- Fisher Pesticide Optima\* Methylene Chloride
- Agilent Hydromatrix<sup>®</sup>
- NIST 1944 RM; NJ River Sediment
- Restek PAH Mixture (Cat# 31841)
- Restek Surrogate Mixture (Cat# 31062)
- Restek SV Internal Standard Mixture (Cat# 31006)

## Procedure:

### Sample Prep

Samples are weighed out in glass beakers. For IPR and MDL samples, 20 grams of baked Ottawa sand was used.

Sample portions are spiked with surrogate solutions and/or PAH spiking solution.

Samples are generously mixed with Hydromatrix.

Dried samples are transferred to 40 mL PLE extractions cells.

### Pressurized Liquid Extraction System

1. Cells filled with hexane: DCM (50:50)
2. Cells pressurized to 1500 PSI
3. Cells heated to 120 °C for 20 minutes
4. Cells cooled to ambient temperature
5. Cells flushed with 20 mL solvent
6. Cells purged with N<sub>2</sub> and extract discharged to SuperVap Concentrator

### SuperVap Concentration System

Preheat temp: 20 minutes at 60 °C

Evaporation mode w/Sensor temp: 60 °C

Nitrogen Pressure: 10 PSI

### PowerPrep System

1. Condition column(s) w/10 mL DCM
2. Exchange column(s) to Hexane
3. Load sample extract(s)
4. Flush column(s) w/10 mL hexane
5. Elute column(s) w/35 mL DCM
6. Extract eluted to 50 mL SuperVap concentrator tubes with Direct-to-GC vial connection.



## Results

Table 1. Results of four replicate IPR study (spiked at 500 µg/kg)

Compound	Mean Rec.	STD DEV
Naphthalene	85.1%	2.1%
2-Methylnaphthalene	91.5%	2.0%
1-Methylnaphthalene	88.9%	2.1%
Acenaphthylene	101.5%	1.9%
Acenaphthene	96.5%	2.5%
Fluorene	96.9%	3.3%
Phenanthrene	89.1%	4.6%
Anthracene	116.9%	4.5%
Fluoranthene	102.6%	5.9%
Pyrene	101.1%	5.6%
Benzo[a]anthracene	97.4%	4.6%
Chrysene	104.7%	5.1%
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	90.0%	7.1%
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	95.2%	3.7%
Benzo[a]pyrene	89.5%	3.7%
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	82.0%	4.7%
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	78.7%	4.5%
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	83.3%	4.4%
Nitrobenzene-D5 (Surr)	93.6%	6.1%
2-Fluorobiphenyl (Surr)	80.2%	3.0%
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr)	81.7%	5.2%

Table 2. Results of NIST 1944 analysis (reported in mg/kg)

Compound	Cert. Value	Calc. Value
Naphthalene	1.28	.986
2-Methylnaphthalene	.74	.589
1-Methylnaphthalene	.47	.356
Acenaphthylene	NA	.631
Acenaphthene	.39	.363
Fluorene	.48	.371
Phenanthrene	5.27	4.06
Anthracene	1.13	1.51
Fluoranthene	8.92	7.55
Pyrene	9.70	7.58
Benzo[a]anthracene	4.72	3.44
Chrysene	4.86	4.01
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	3.87	3.41
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	2.30	1.83
Benzo[a]pyrene	4.30	3.12
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	2.78	2.26
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	.42	.445
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	2.84	2.31

Table 3. Results of 7 replicate MDL study (spiked at 10 µg/kg)

Compound	MDL µg/kg	STD DEV
Naphthalene	2.57	.815
2-Methylnaphthalene	2.82	.905
1-Methylnaphthalene	2.83	.900
Acenaphthylene	2.93	.930
Acenaphthene	3.40	1.08
Fluorene	1.19	.380
Phenanthrene	3.38	1.08
Anthracene	2.83	.900
Fluoranthene	2.68	.850
Pyrene	2.22	.705
Benzo[a]anthracene	3.96	1.26
Chrysene	4.89	1.56
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	1.97	.625
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	3.22	1.03
Benzo[a]pyrene	1.78	.565
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	1.68	.535
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	3.45	1.10
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	4.63	1.47

